

Shared Socio-Economic Pathways: Implications for Asia

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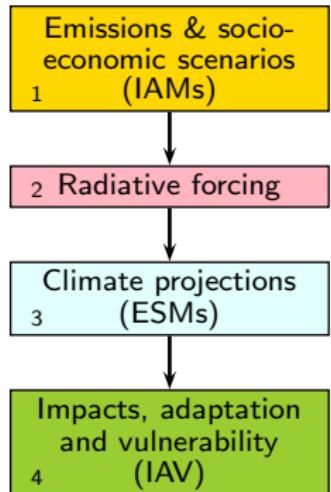
Prominent Past Examples of Scenarios

- Shell scenarios (since the 1970's—first oil shock)
- Scenarios for the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change
 - 1990 IPCC SA90
 - 1992 IPCC IS92
 - 1999 Special Report on Emissions Scenarios (SRES)
- 2005 Millennium Ecosystem Assessment

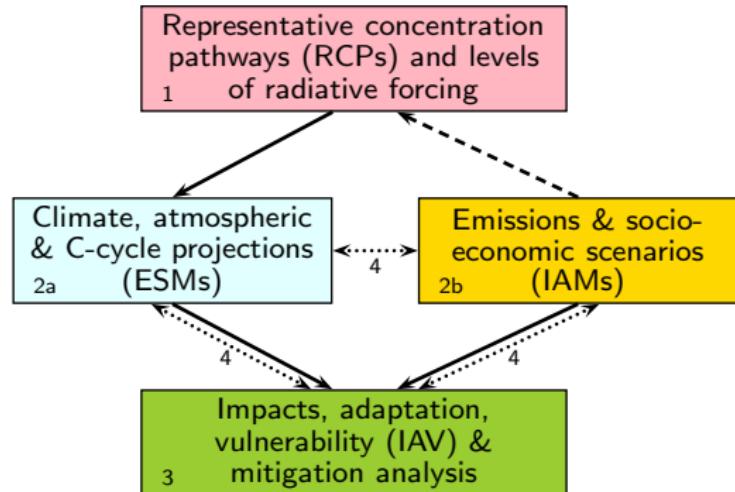
New Architecture: Parallel Process

- The parallel process designed to allow for more time to develop socio-economic scenarios and better incorporate IAV as well as IAM needs

(a) Sequential approach

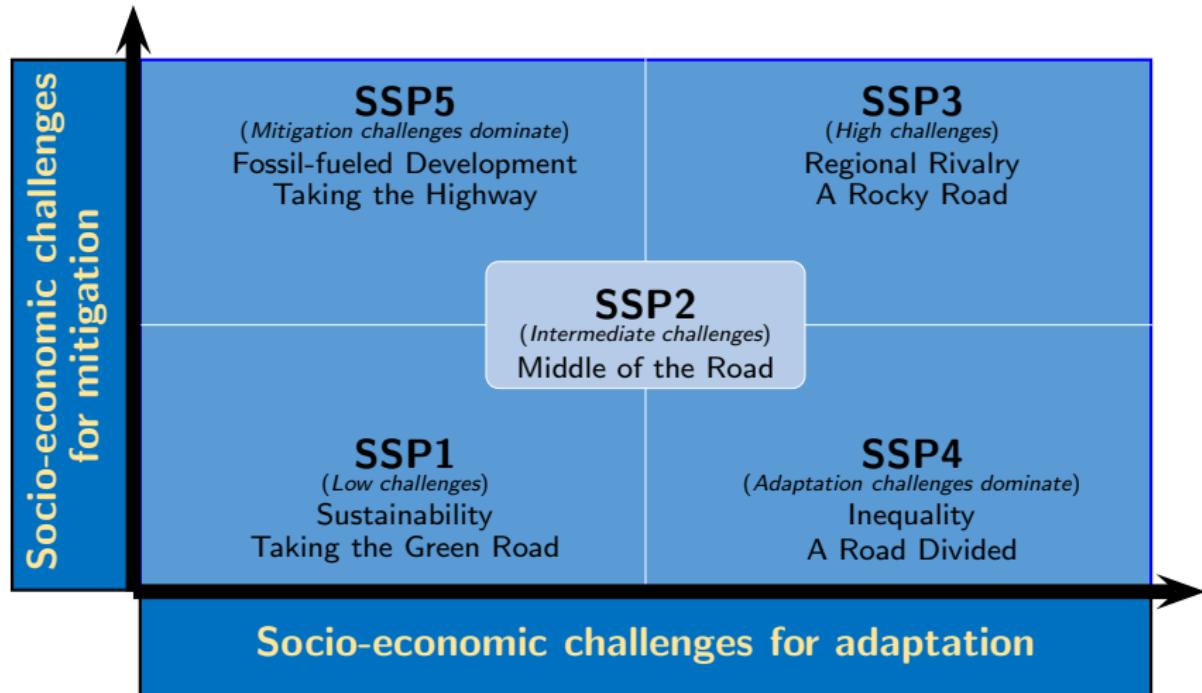


b) Parallel approach

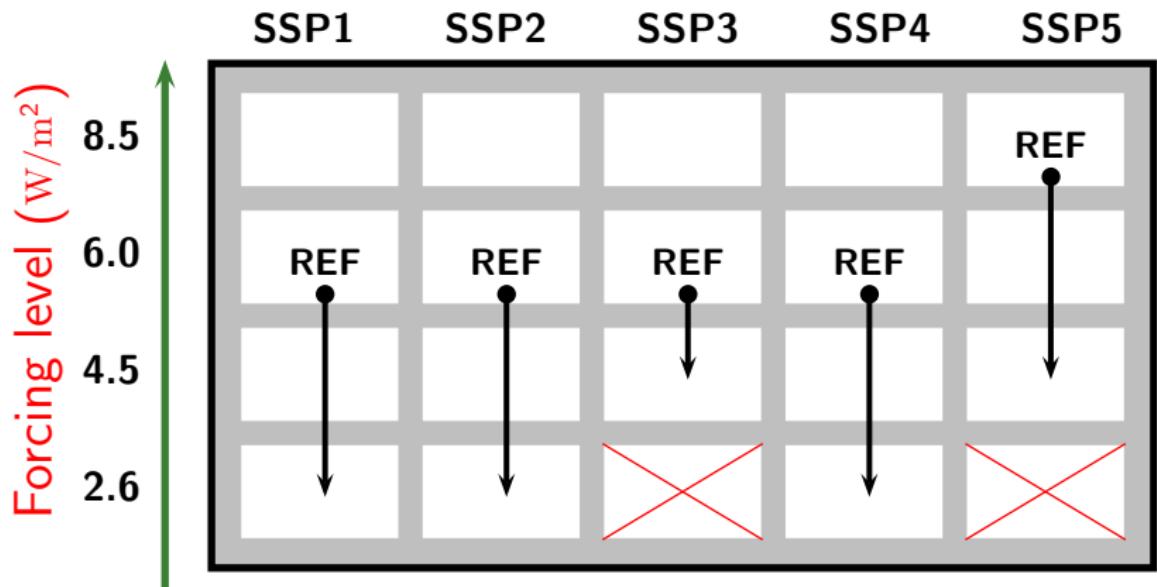


Source: Jae Edmonds (2010), "Workshop on Socioeconomic Scenarios for Climate Change Impact and Response Assessment (WoSES)," November 1-3, 2010 Berlin, Germany

The SSP Storylines: Adaptation vs. Mitigation



RCPs, SSPs and Shared Policy Assumptions (SPAs)



What is Being Quantified?

① Demographics (IIASA)

- Assumptions on fertility (linked to education & income) and mortality rates
- SSP2 designed to align loosely with 2010 UN Medium Variant
- Five-year age cohorts (0–4, 5–9, ..., 95–99, 100+)
- Gender
- Education level (none, primary, secondary, tertiary)

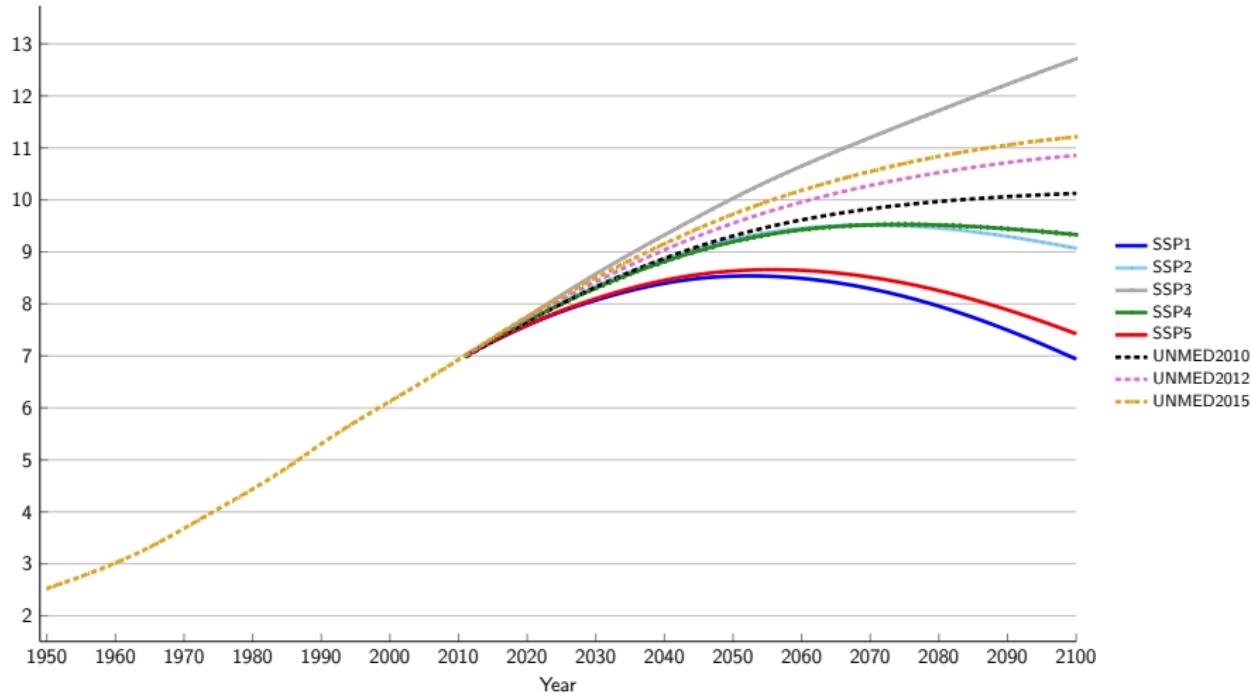
② GDP projections

- Projections from 3 teams (IIASA, OECD, PIK)
- All harmonized to the IIASA demographic projections
- Driving assumption is convergence in per capita income, but different models and outcomes
- IIASA and OECD country based, PIK projections for 32 regions

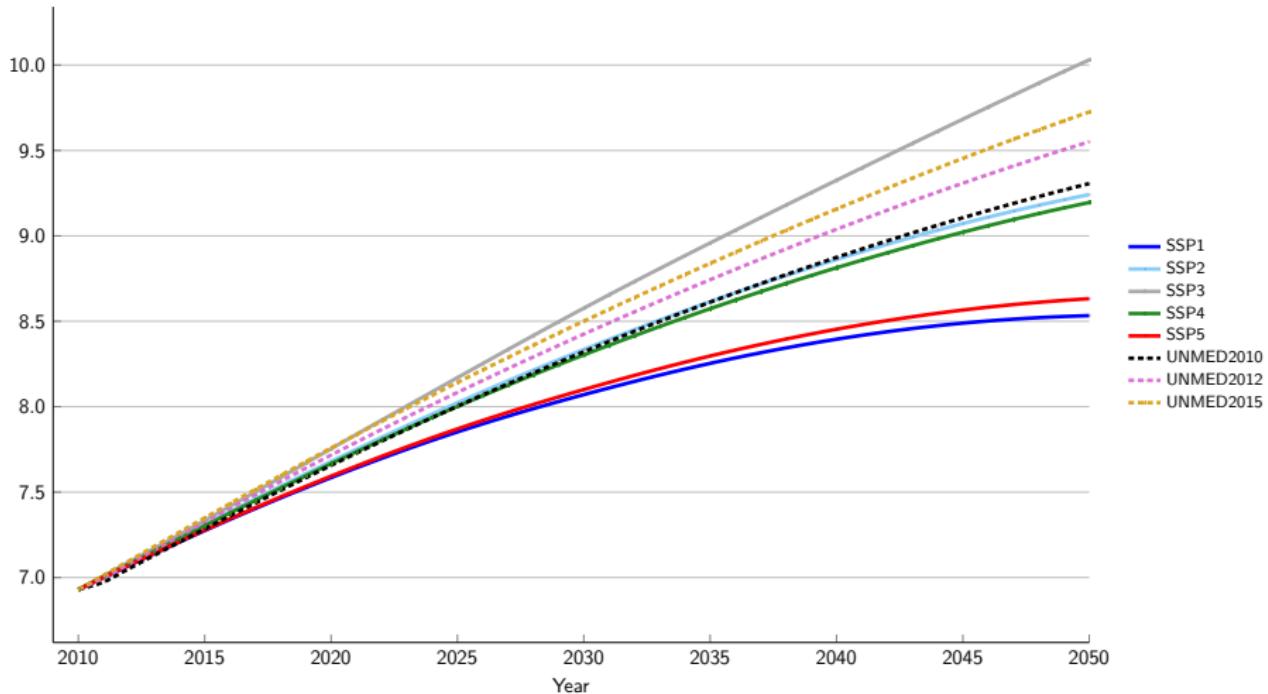
③ Urbanization (NCAR)

Projections available at <https://tntcat.iiasa.ac.at/SspDb/dsd?Action=htmlpage&page=about>

World Population (billion): Backward and Forward

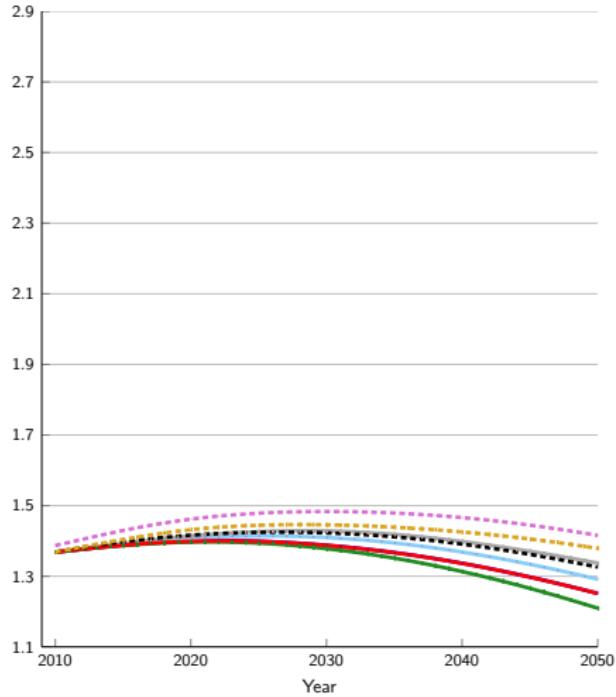


World Population (billion): Next 40 Years

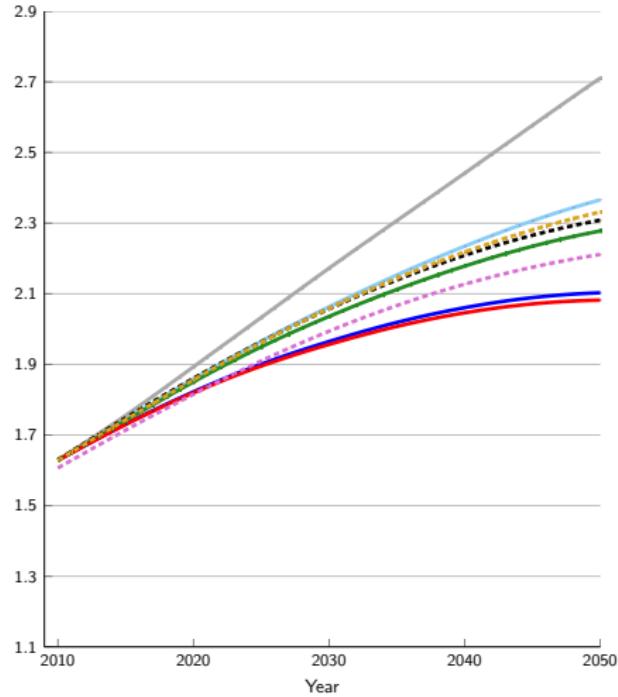


Population Profiles for Regions of Asia

East Asia (billion)

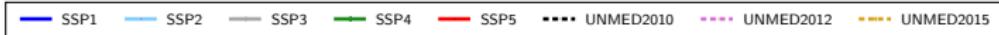
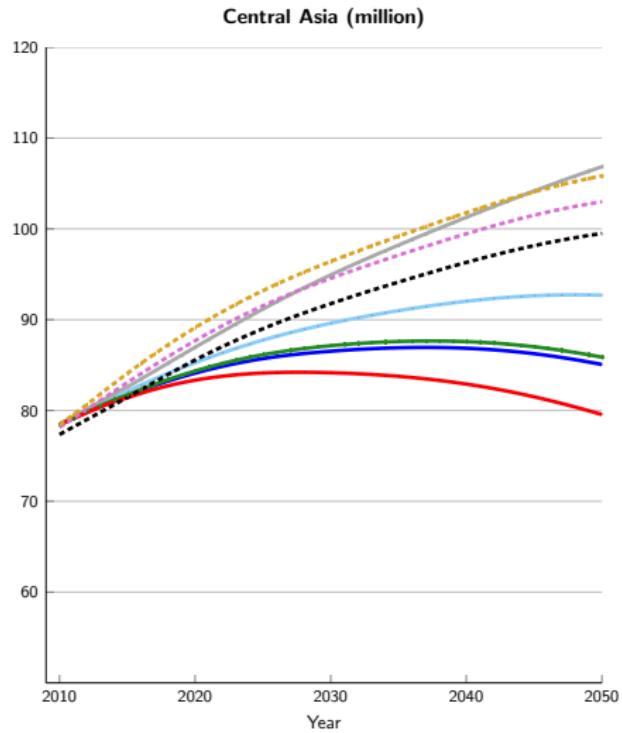
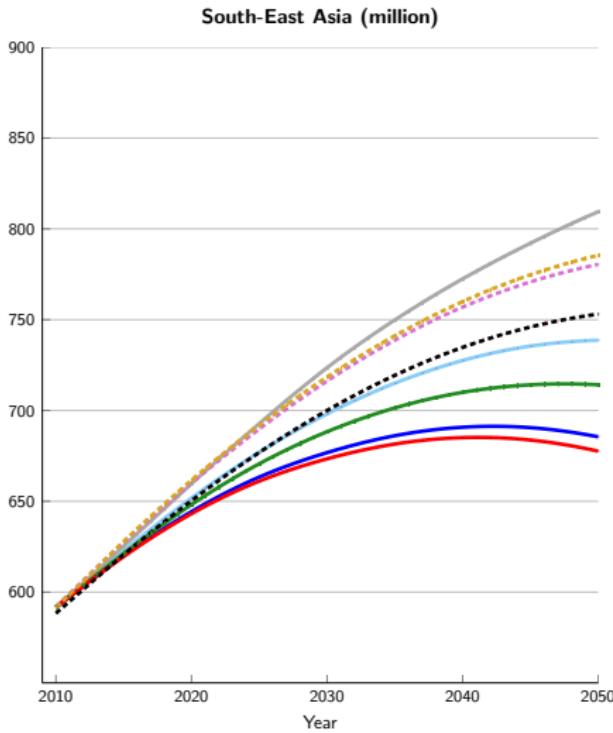


South Asia (billion)

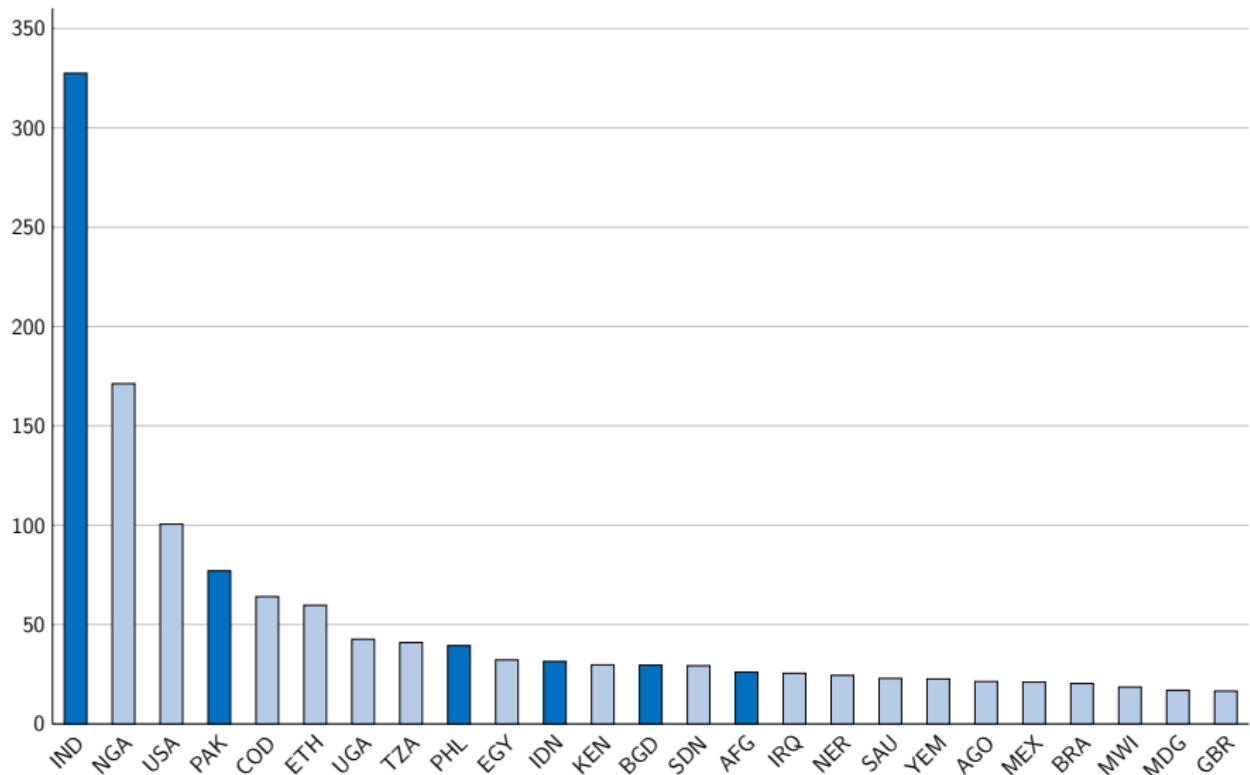


— SSP1 — SSP2 — SSP3 — SSP4 — SSP5 ··· UNMED2010 ··· UNMED2012 ··· UNMED2015

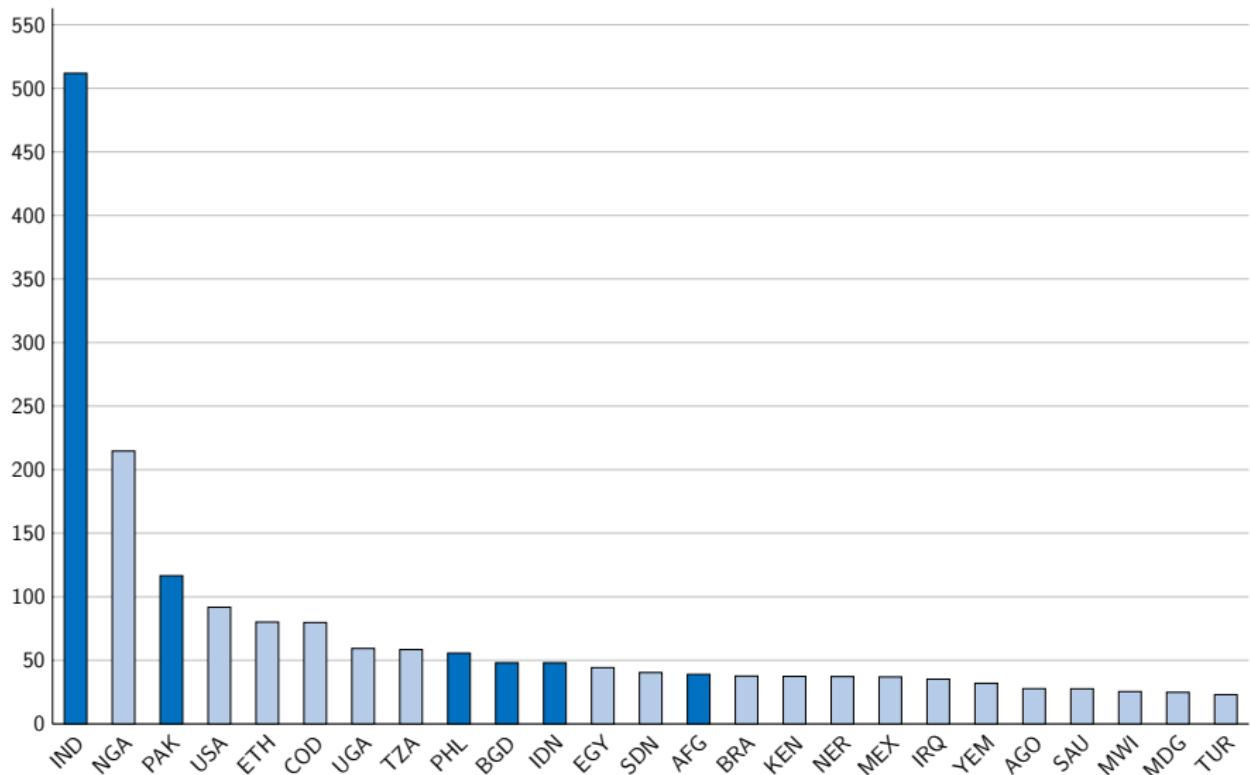
Population Profiles for Regions of Asia



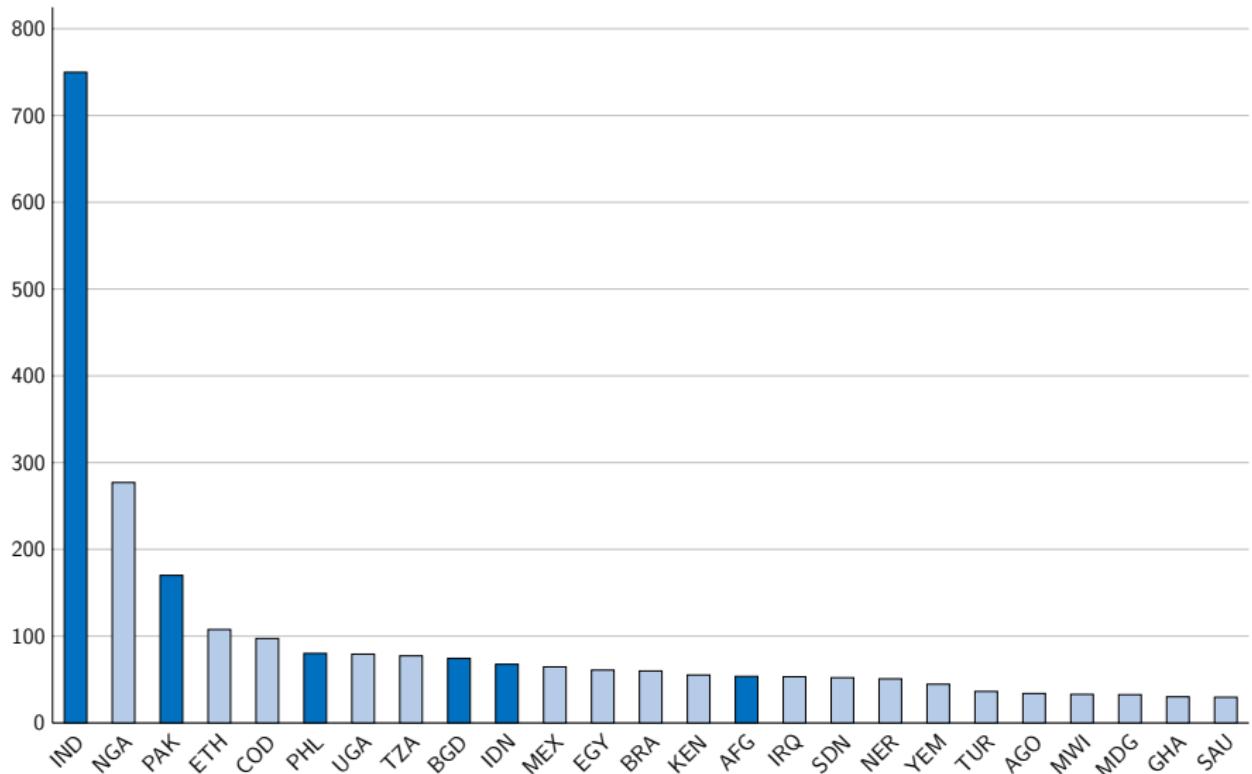
Contribution to World Population Growth (million): SSP1



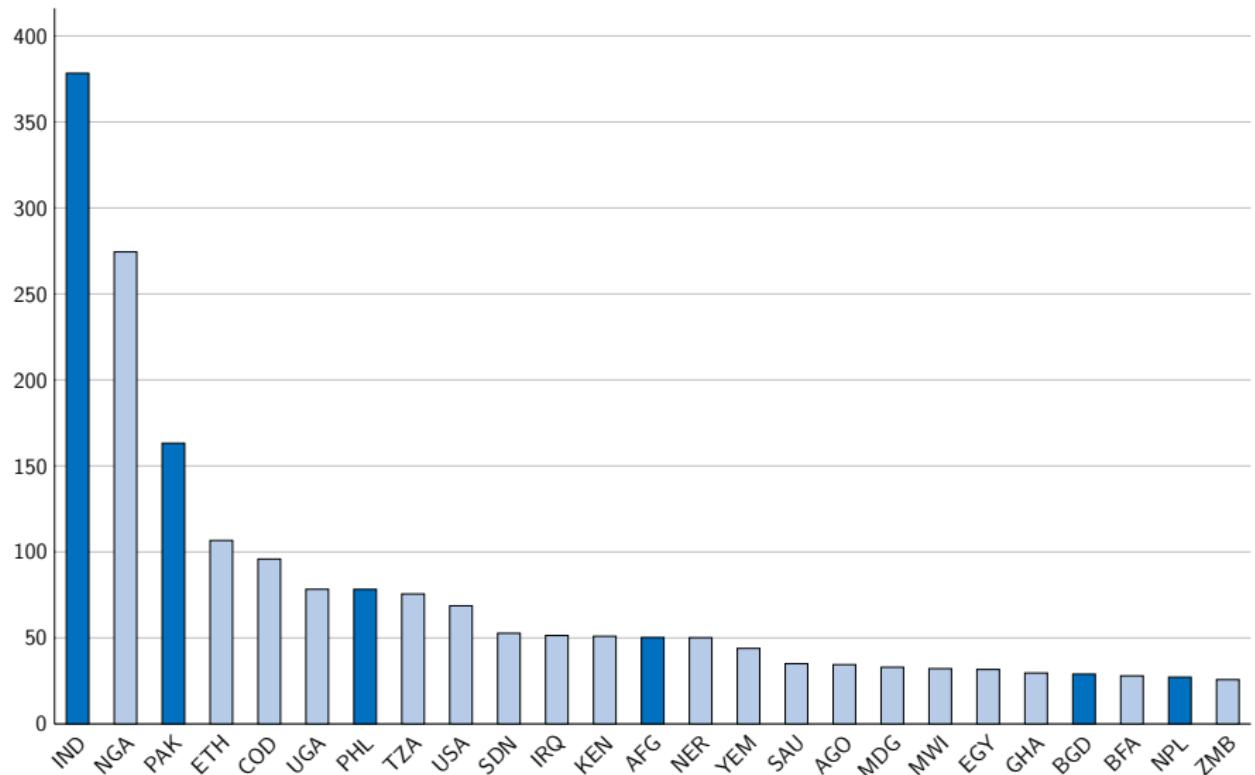
Contribution to World Population Growth (million): SSP2



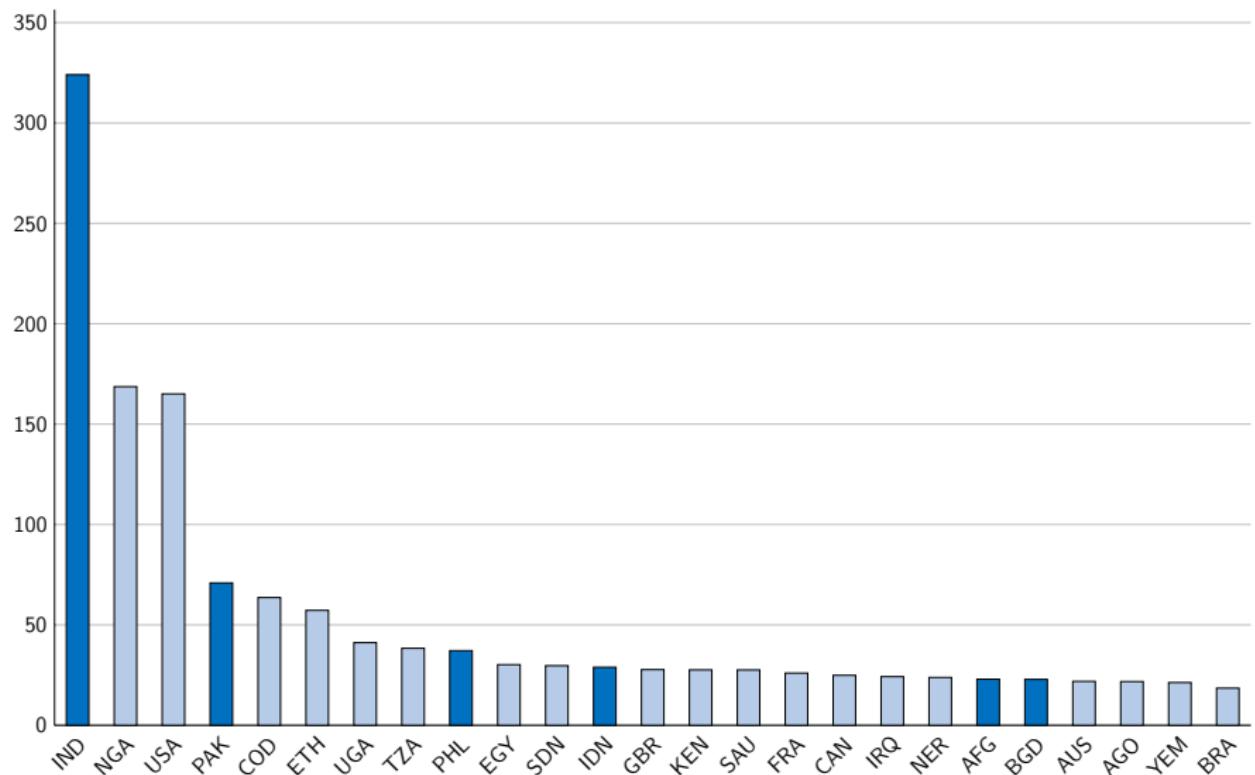
Contribution to World Population Growth (million): SSP3



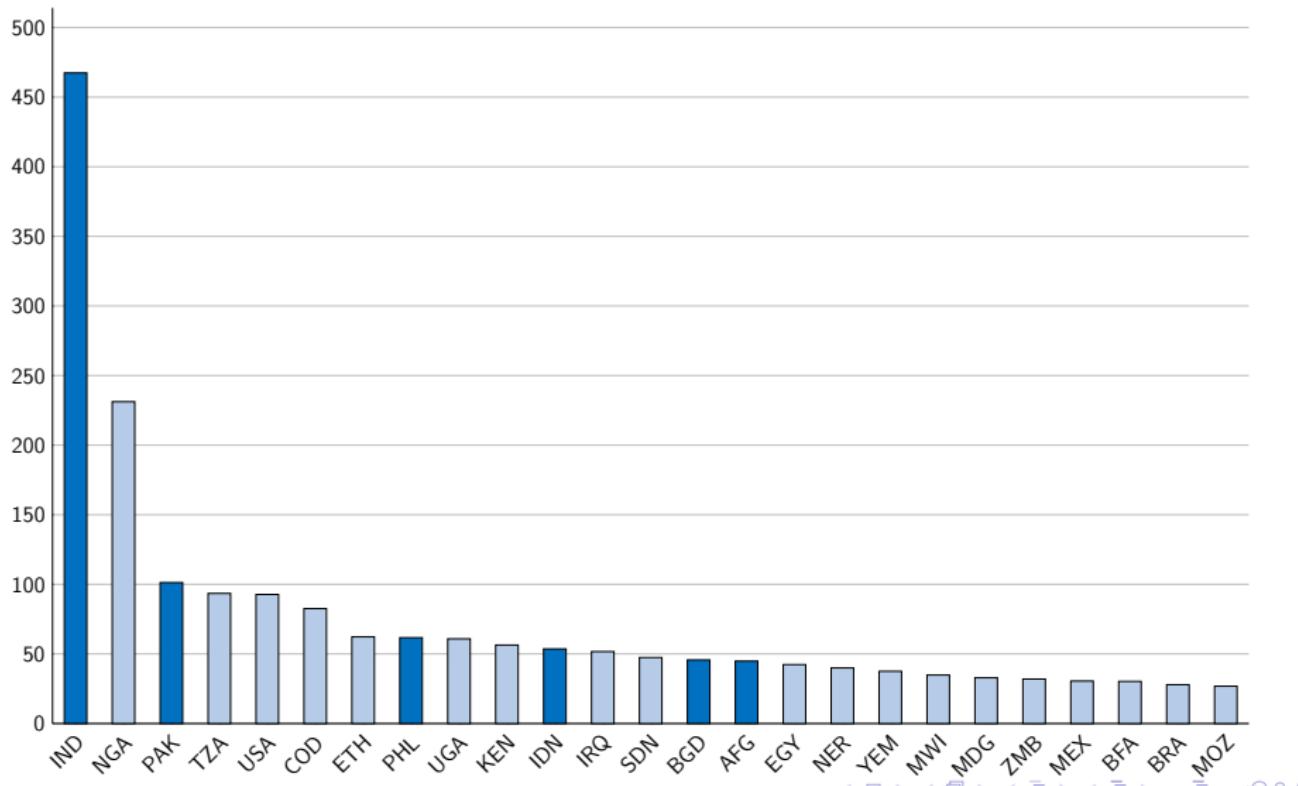
Contribution to World Population Growth (million): SSP4



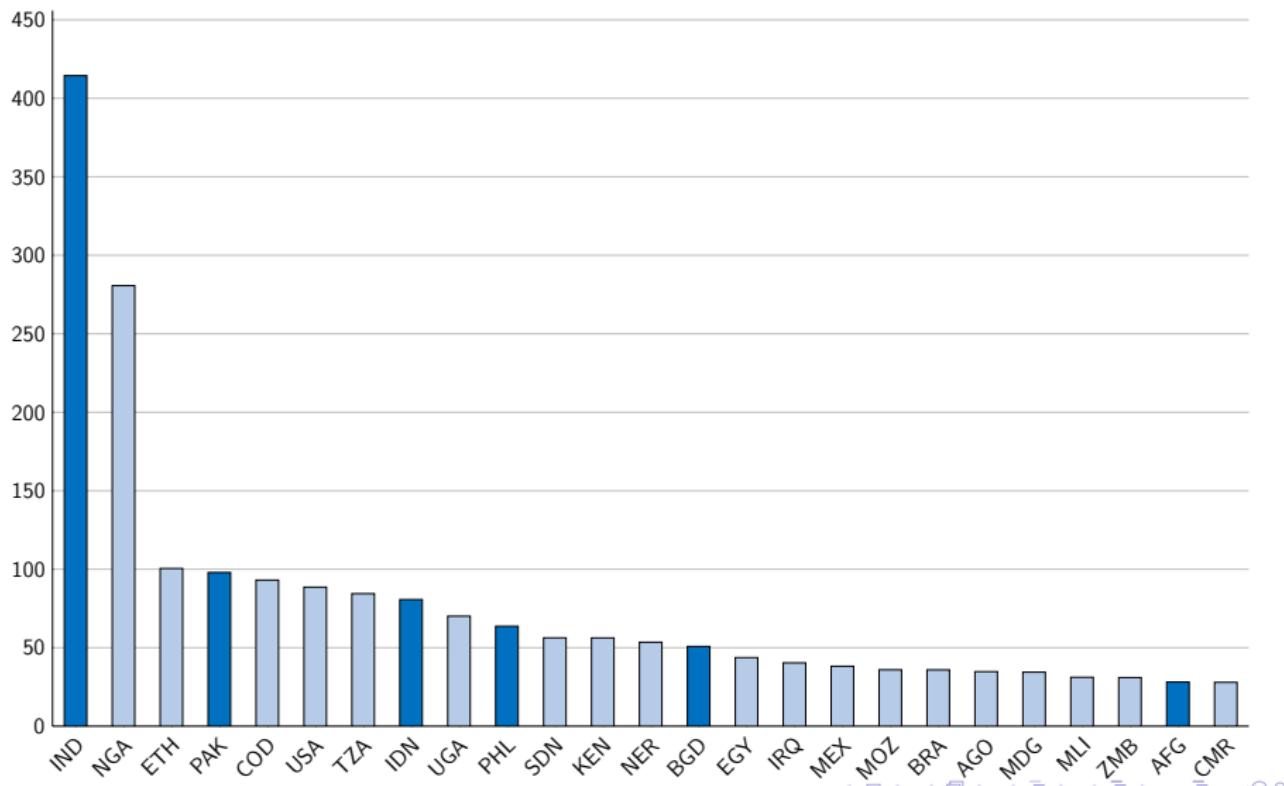
Contribution to World Population Growth (million): SSP5



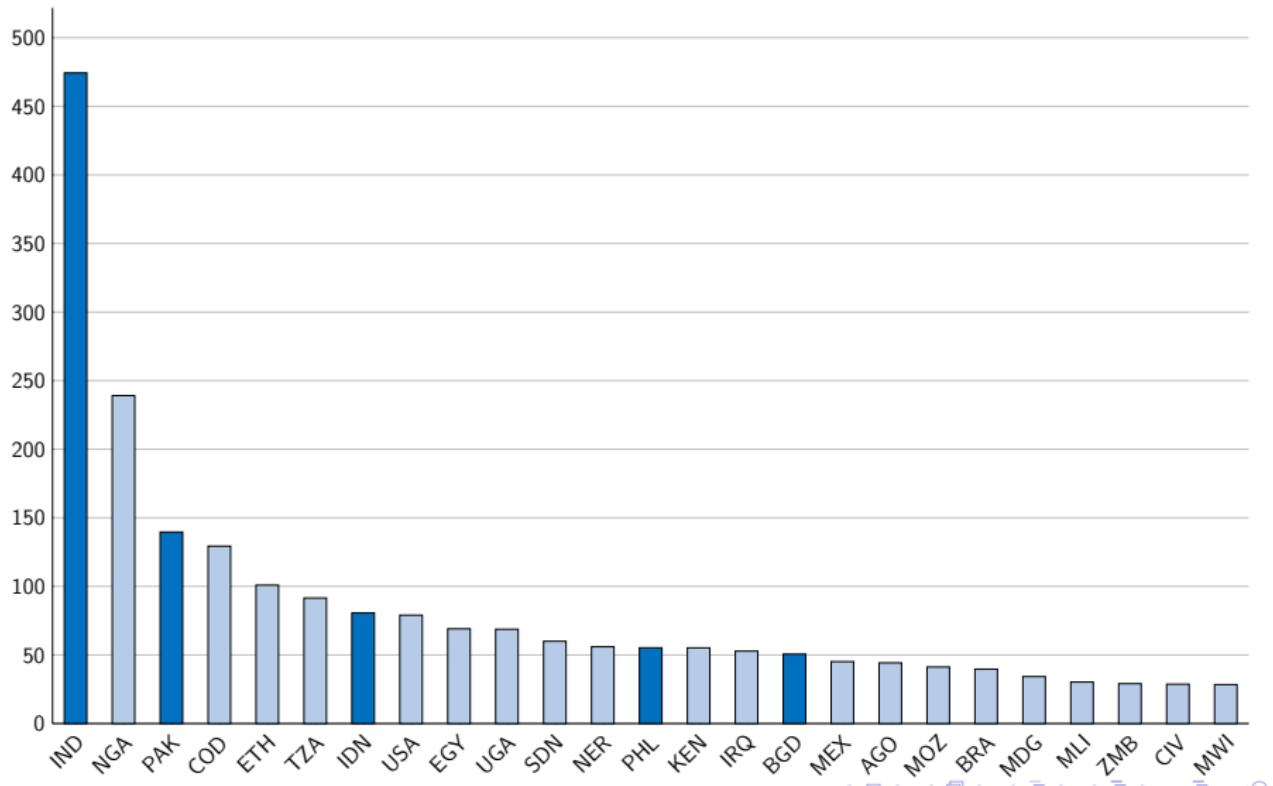
Contribution to World Population Growth (million): UNMED2010



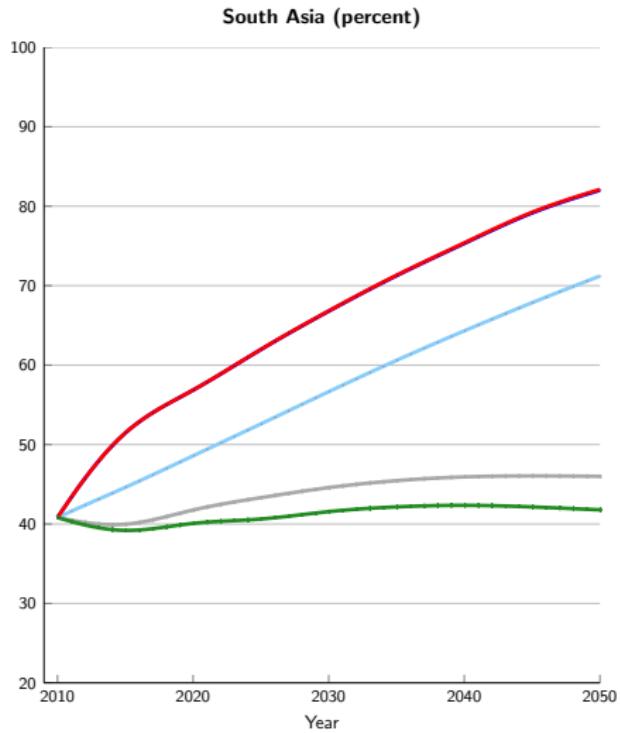
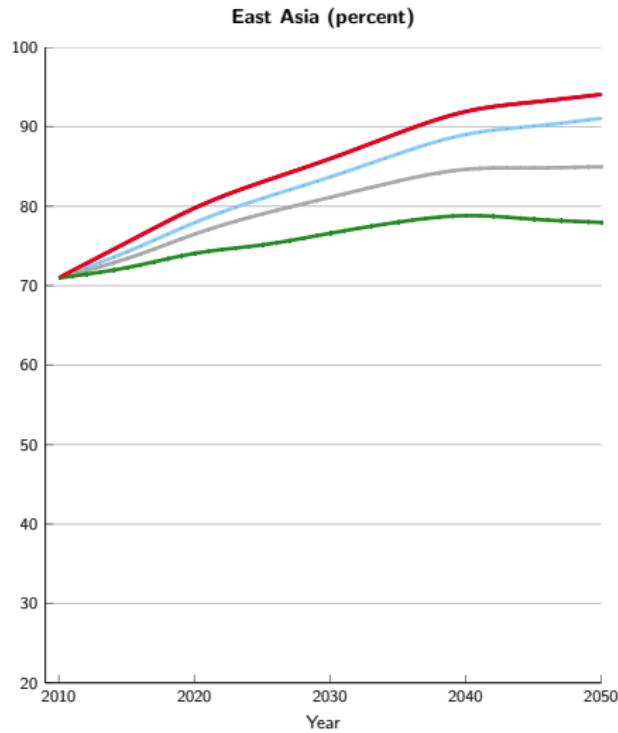
Contribution to World Population Growth (million): UNMED2012



Contribution to World Population Growth (million): UNMED2015

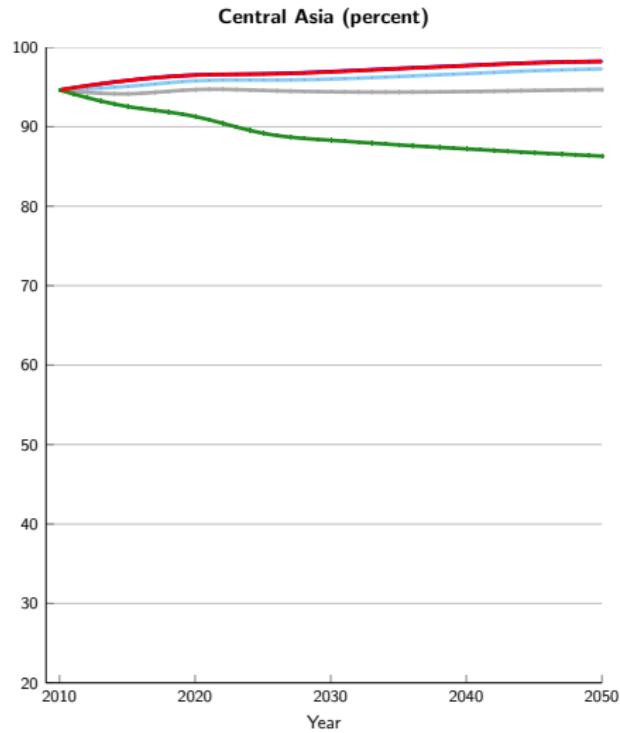
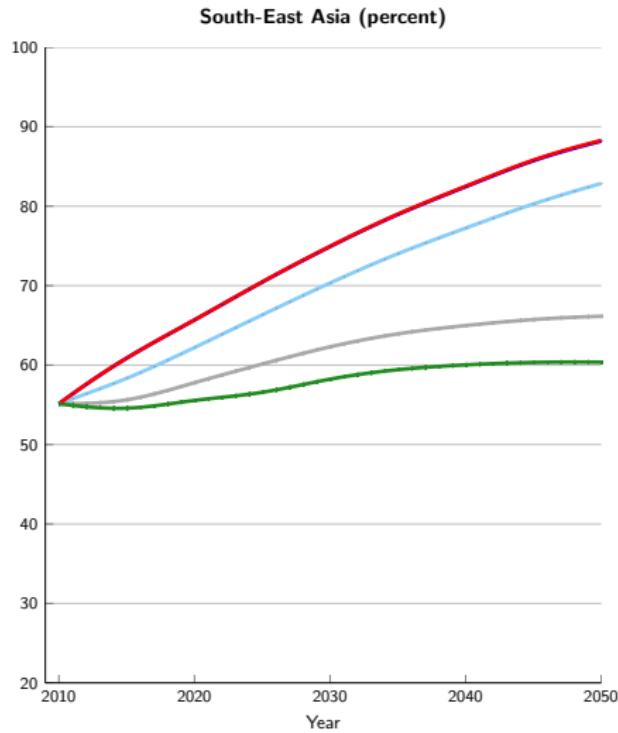


Education: Secondary+ Level for Working-age Population



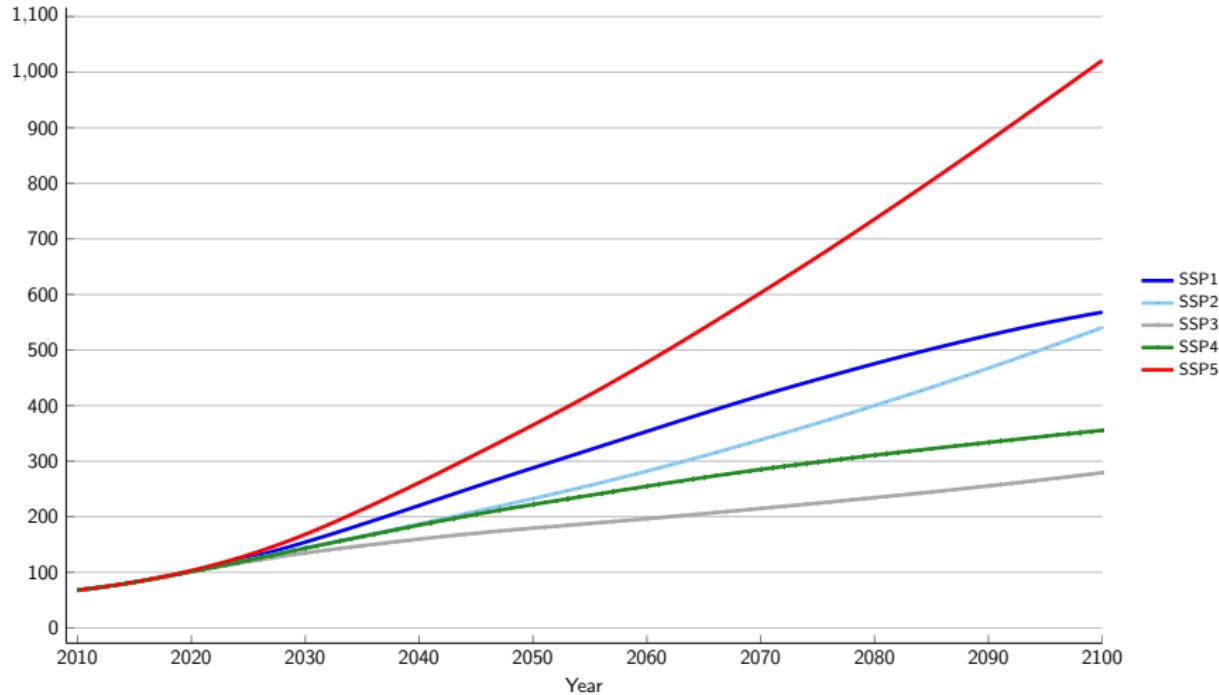
— SSP1 — SSP2 — SSP3 — SSP4 — SSP5

Education: Secondary+ Level for Working-age Population

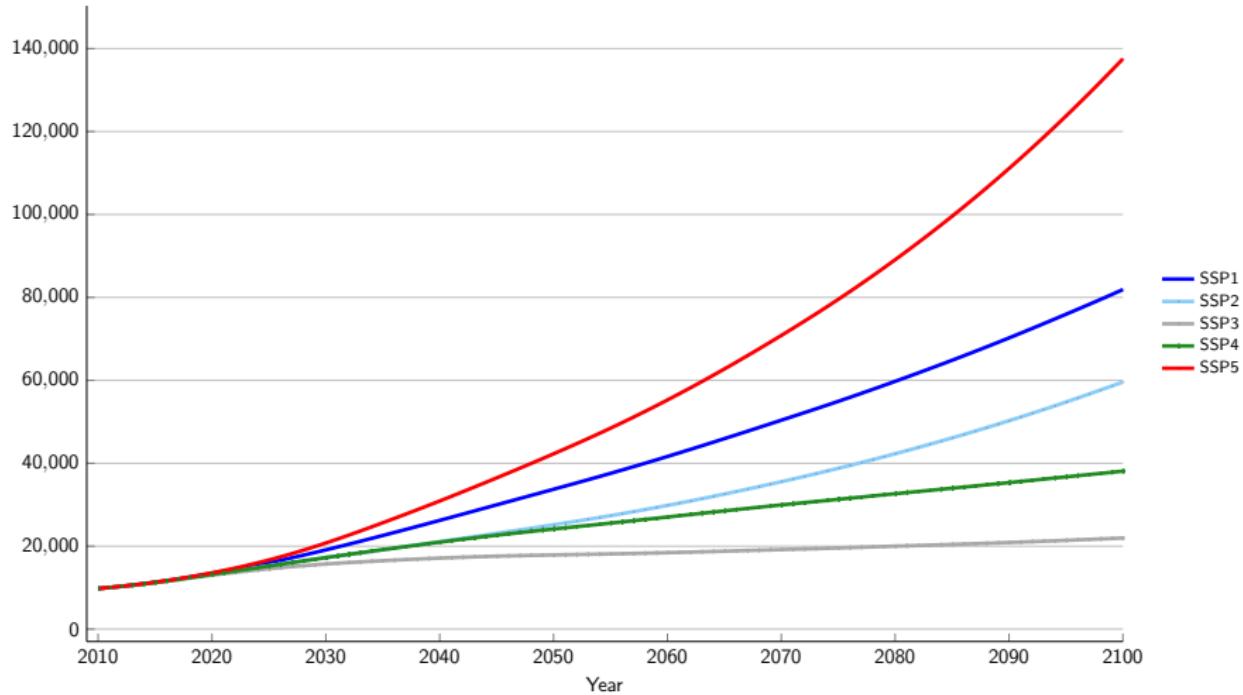


— SSP1 — SSP2 — SSP3 — SSP4 — SSP5

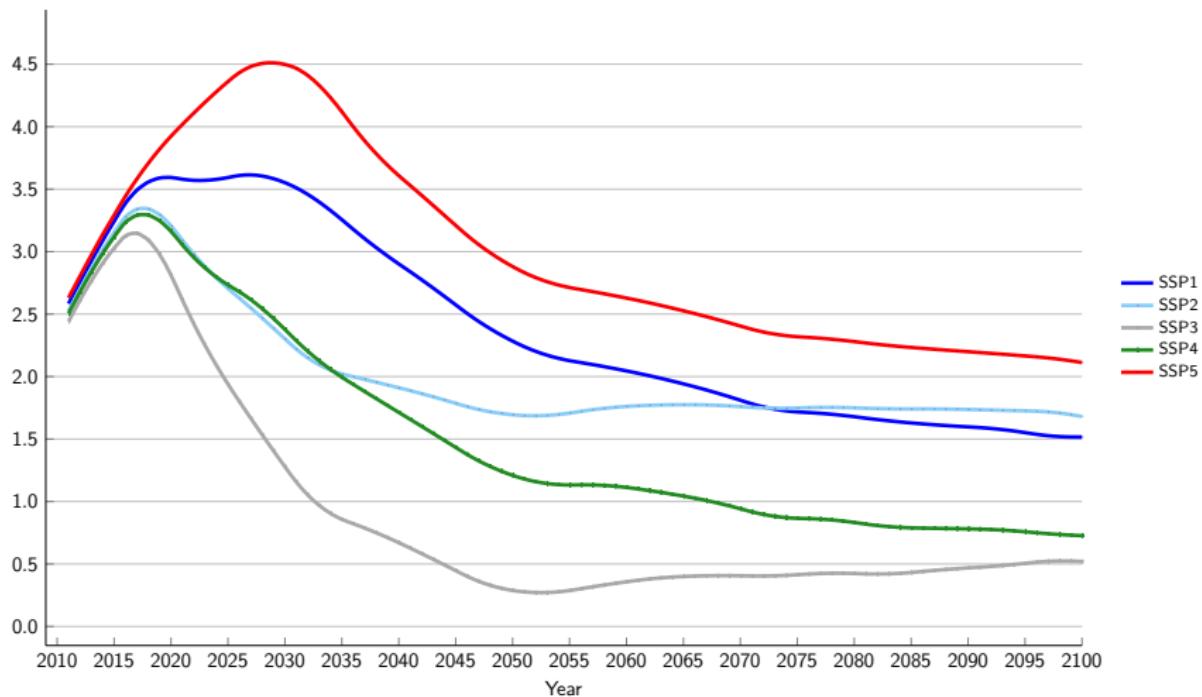
World GDP (\$2005 trillion)



World GDP per capita (\$2005)

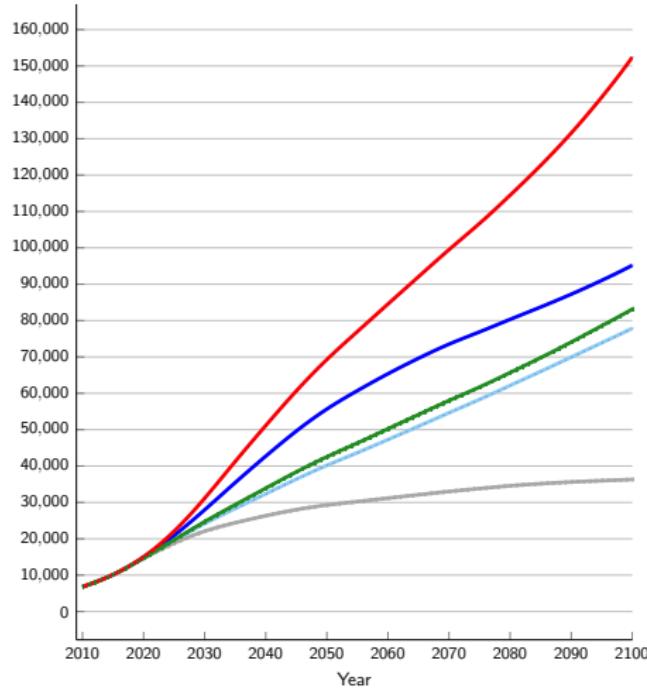


Growth of Global per capita GDP (percent per annum)

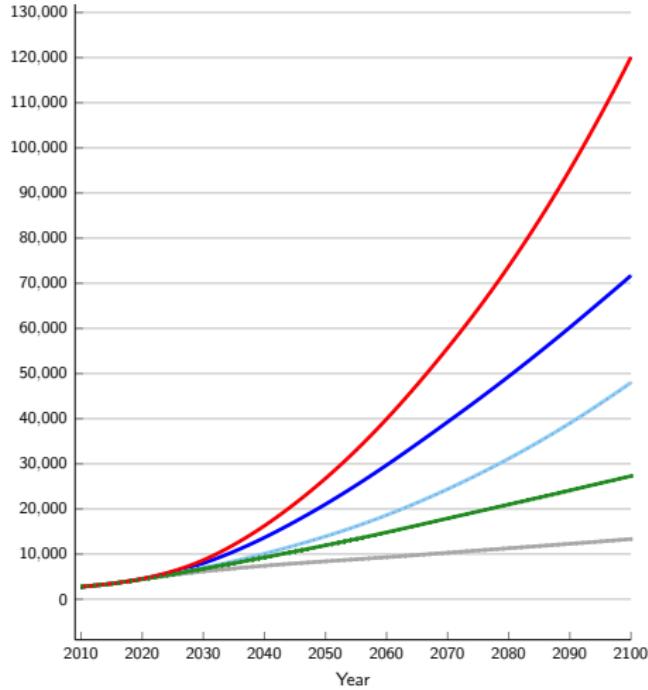


GDP per capita Profiles for Regions of Asia

East Asia (\$2005)



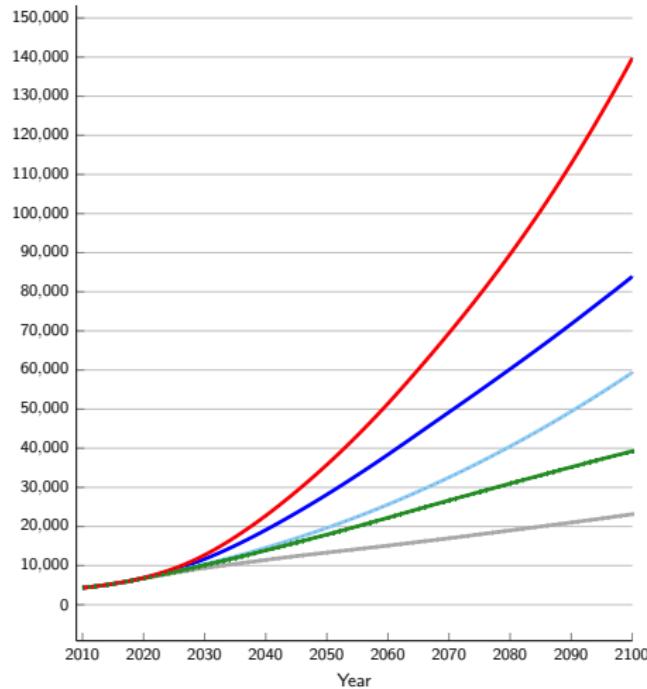
South Asia (\$2005)



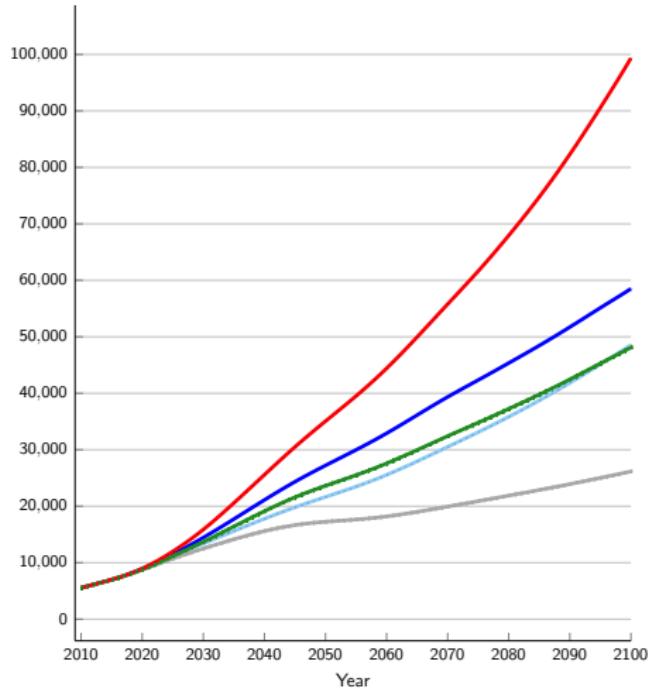
— SSP1 — SSP2 — SSP3 — SSP4 — SSP5

GDP per capita Profiles for Regions of Asia

South-East Asia (\$2005)



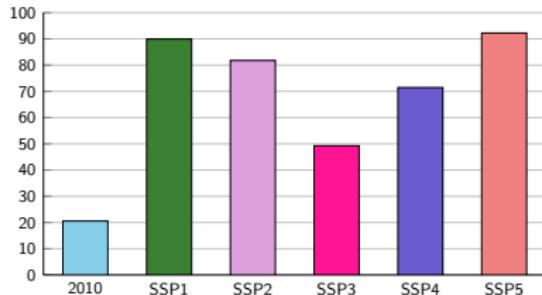
Central Asia (\$2005)



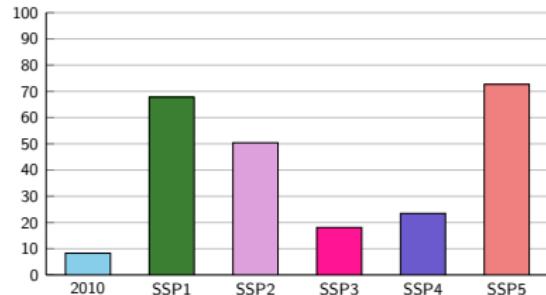
— SSP1 — SSP2 — SSP3 — SSP4 — SSP5

Convergence in 2100

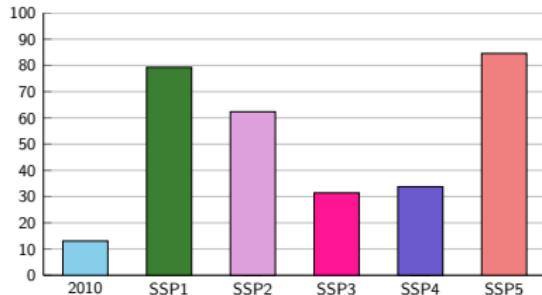
East Asia (percent)



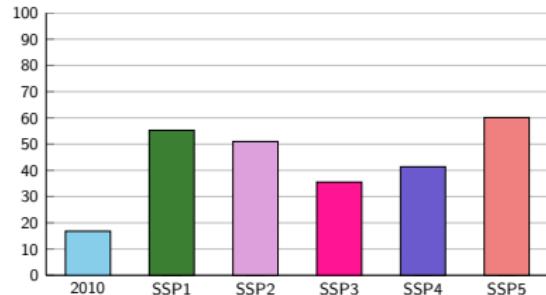
South Asia (percent)



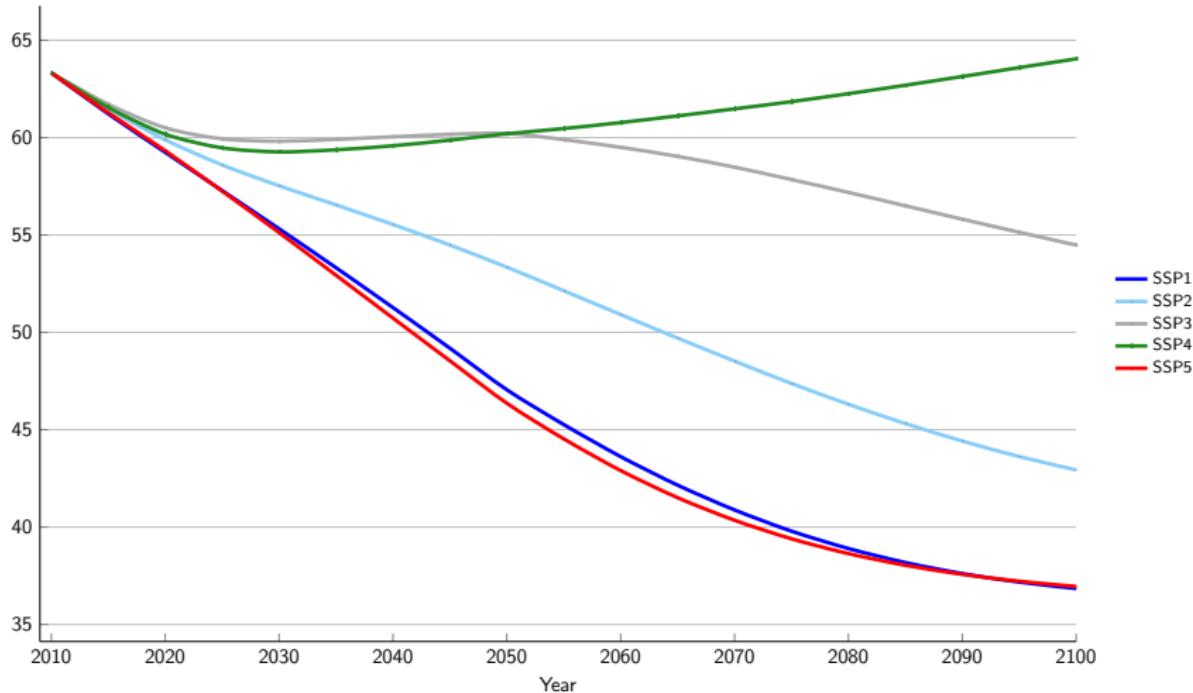
South-East Asia (percent)



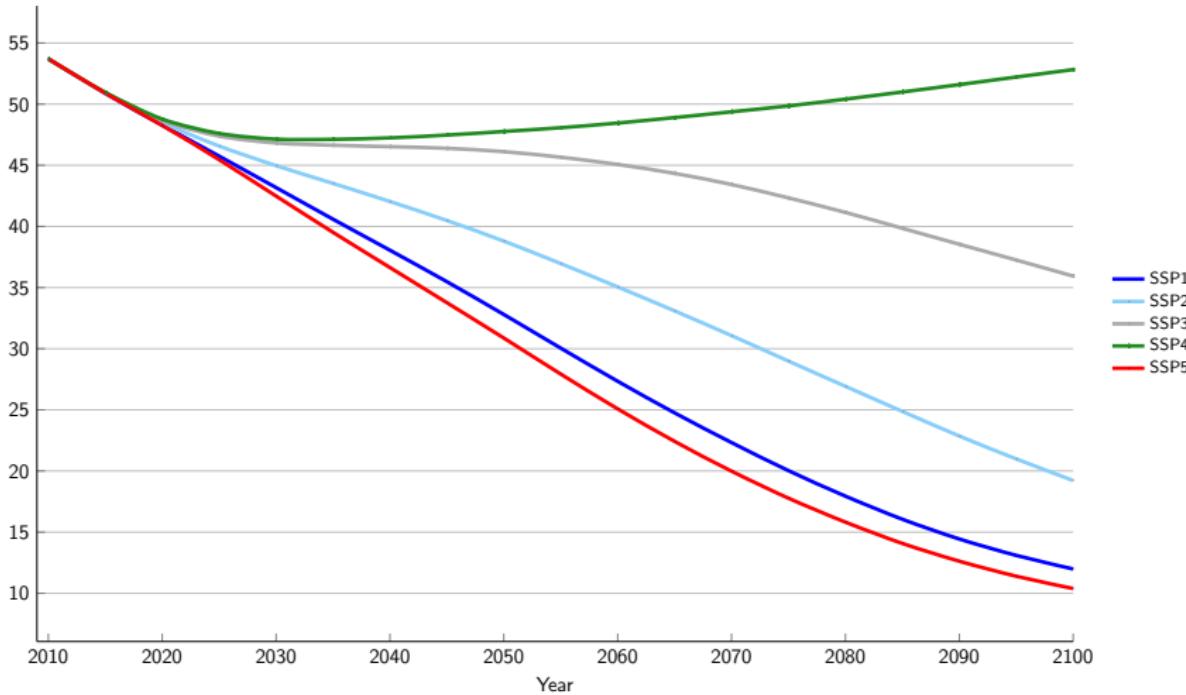
Central Asia (percent)



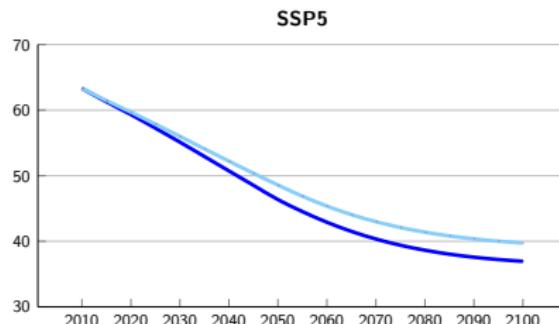
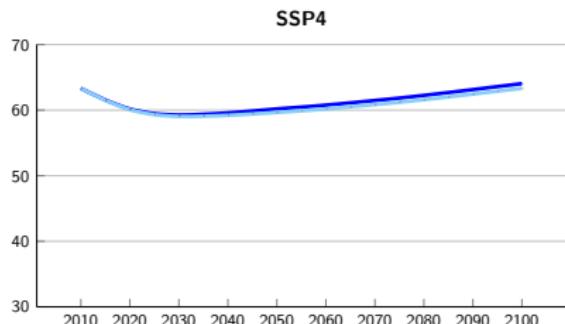
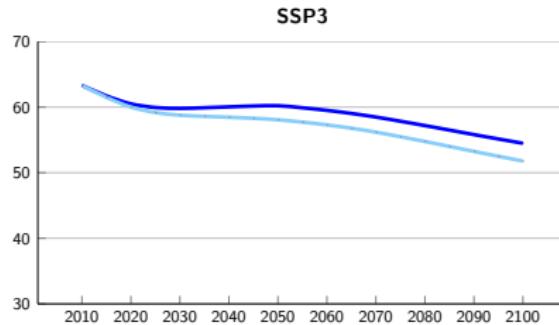
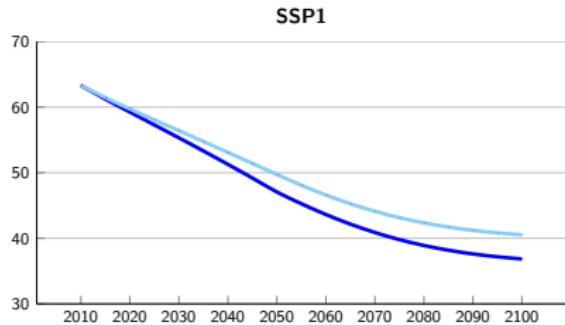
SSPs and Potential Global Gini Profiles



Global Gini Ignoring Within Country Distribution

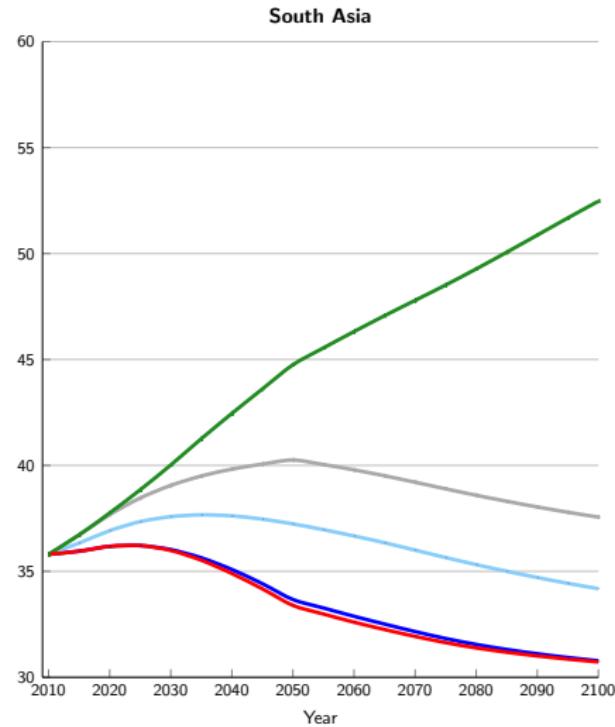
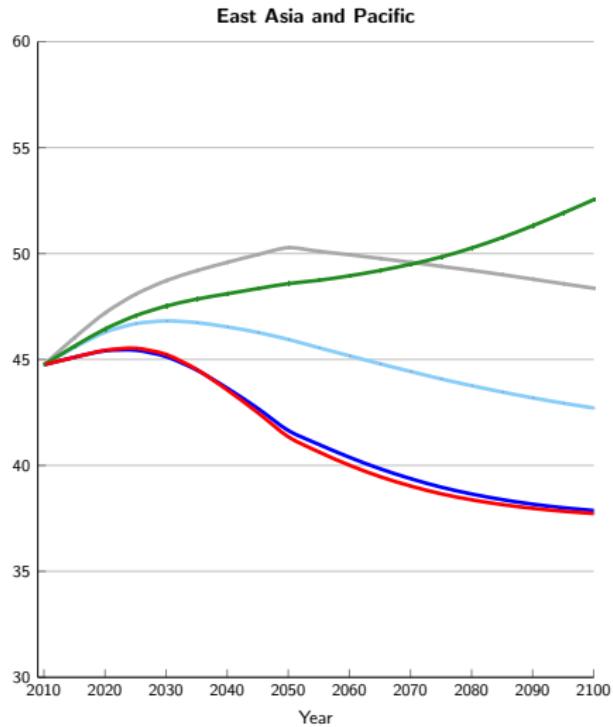


Global Gini: with and without SSP Storylines



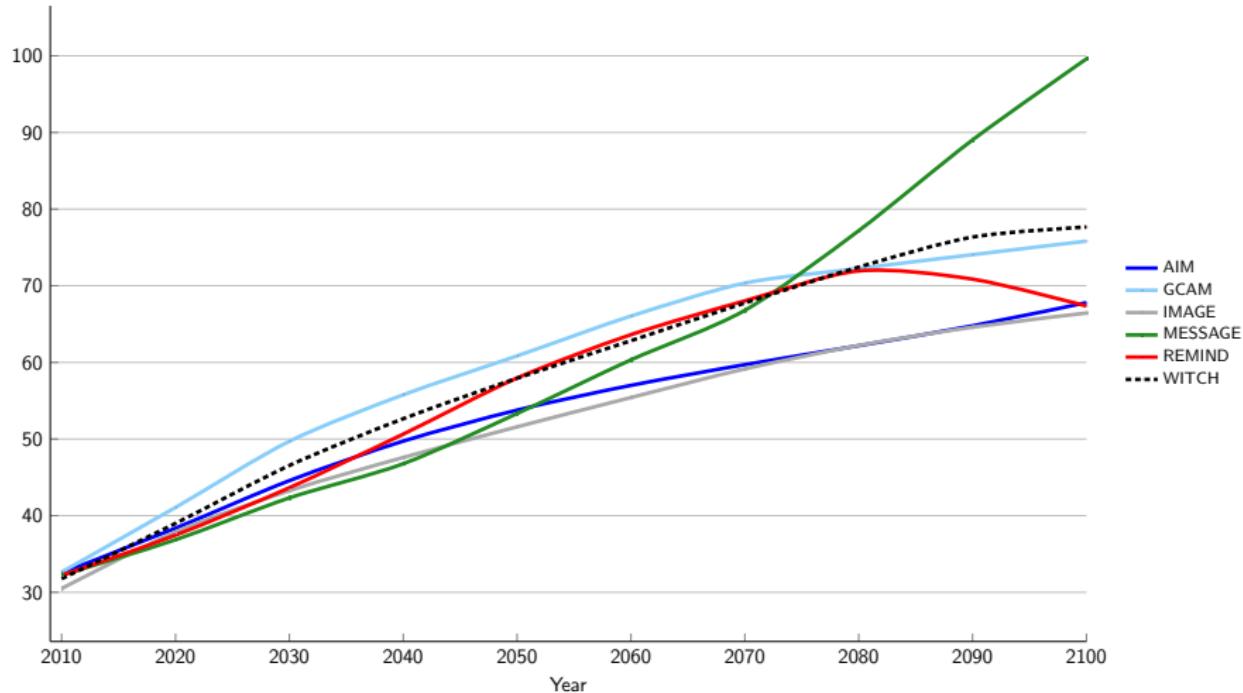
— wSSP — noChange

Income Distribution Profiles for Regions of Asia



— SSP1 — SSP2 — SSP3 — SSP4 — SSP5

CO₂ Emission Profiles from Various IAMs: SSP2



Deepening the SSP Storylines

- Consumer preferences (e.g. diets, life-style, sustainability)
- Productivity (agriculture, manufacturing and services)
- Energy technologies
 - Fossil fuel reserves
 - Cost of renewables
 - New technologies—cost and availability
- Economic and environmental policies
 - Trade
 - Distributional (taxes)
 - Local emissions, INDCs
 - Land-use regulations