

Timor-Leste and Indonesia Regional Cooperation & Integration

Session 4: Developing CBEZ and Economic Corridors Anna Fink, Economist (Regional Cooperation) 27 November 2017





Outline

- I. Background: Rationale, Model
- II. Scope and Components: Map, Key Components
- III. Way Forward: Milestones, Challenges





Background





Rationale

- Objective: Feasibility of CBEZ + corridor (Timor-Leste, Indonesia, ASEAN) for border area development
- Request from Government of Indonesia and Timor-Leste- February 2017
- RCI Operational Plan (2016-2020)
 - Promote connectivity, competitiveness and regional public goods.
 - Intersubregional project: Timor-Leste specifically identified





Rationale (2)

Tackle poverty	in
border areas	

Indonesia

Inter-island connectivity

Economic diversification

Counter urban agglomeration

Human capital development

Greater connectivity with world markets **Timor Leste**

ASEAN integration

WTO Accession





Model of CBEZs in economic corridors

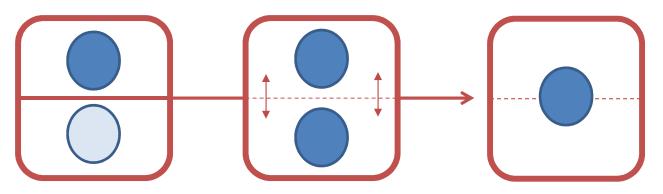
- SEZ's:
 - Anchor for private investment to develop economic corridors
- CBEZ's:
 - link lagging border areas to economic corridors to mitigate rising inequalities
 - promote cross-border cooperation, contribute to peace and stability



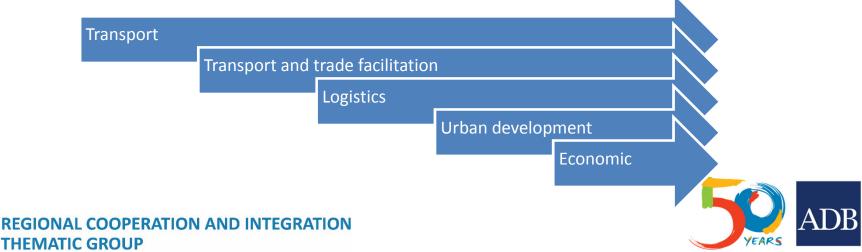


Sequencing of Model

• Stages of CBEZ



Stages of Economic Corridor



CBEZ Model for Timor-Leste and Indonesia Corridor

- Improve business environment:
 - Attract foreign and domestic investment
 - Increase existing economic activity
 - Enable new product and services- employment and skills development

• Connectivity:

- Act as growth node for ASEAN corridor: Timor-Leste-Indonesia-Malaysia
- Partnership:
 - Platform for stronger cross border relationships
 - Mechanism for coordination on security concerns





Scope and key components





Land routes & borders





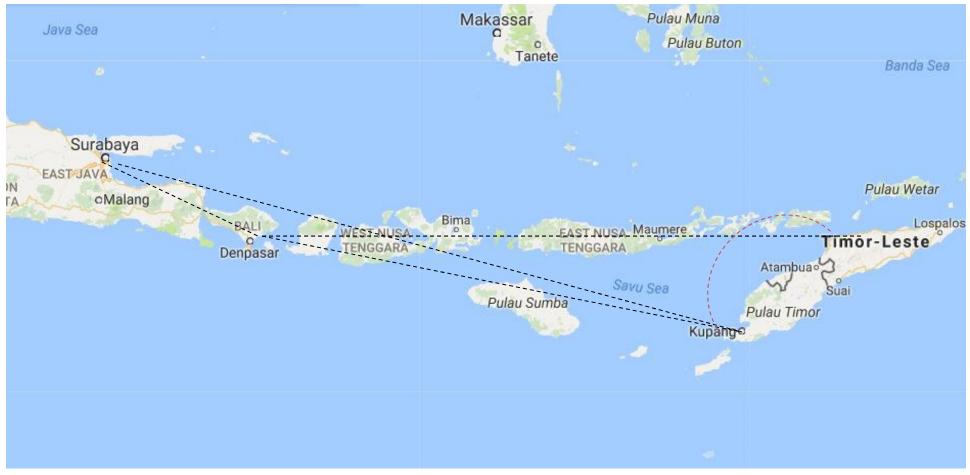








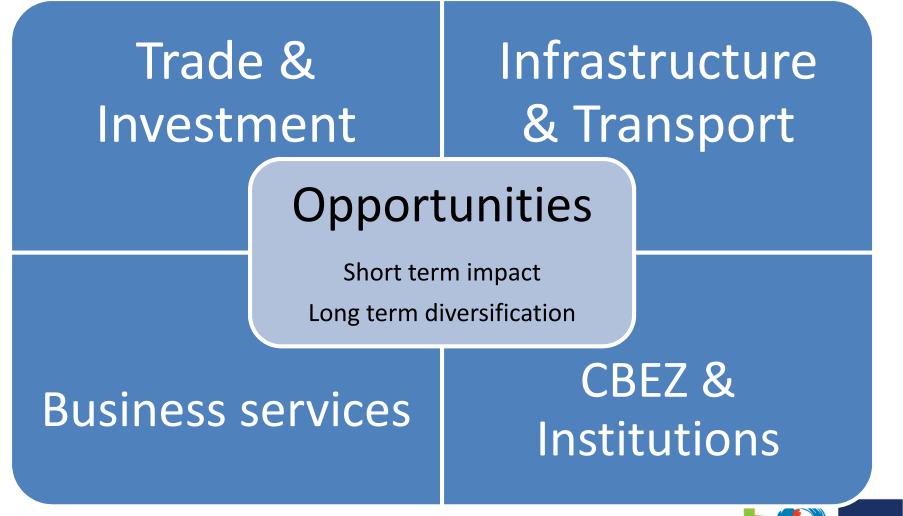
Air routes







Key Components







Trade and Investment

• Baseline:

- Bilateral border trade
- Trade between Indonesia (NTT) and Timor-Leste with ASEAN and ROW
- Investment flows into and between Timor-Leste & NTT

• Identify:

- Competitive and comparative advantages
- Trade barriers
- Investment opportunities

• Recommend:

- Key value chains
- Industries with potential for growth





Transport & Infrastructure

• Baseline:

- Existing & planned transport infrastructure
- Regulatory & legislative environment for corridor

Identify:

- Major bottlenecks (soft & hard)
- Most viable routes

• Recommend:

- Priority physical investments
- Regulatory & legislative reform for trade facilitation





Business Development and Financial Services

• Baseline:

Existing and planned provision of SME services

• Identify:

- Major barriers to SME growth
- Needs of SMEs for cross-border opportunities

• Recommend:

 New or improved services to improve business enabling environment





CBEZ and Corridor Management

• Analysis:

- Existing SEZ functioning & national legislation
- Existing institutions for cross-border cooperation

Identify:

- Value of CBEZ to support cross border value chains
- Areas for institutional strengthening

Recommend

- Characteristics of required CBEZ
- Options for stronger joint border & corridor institutions



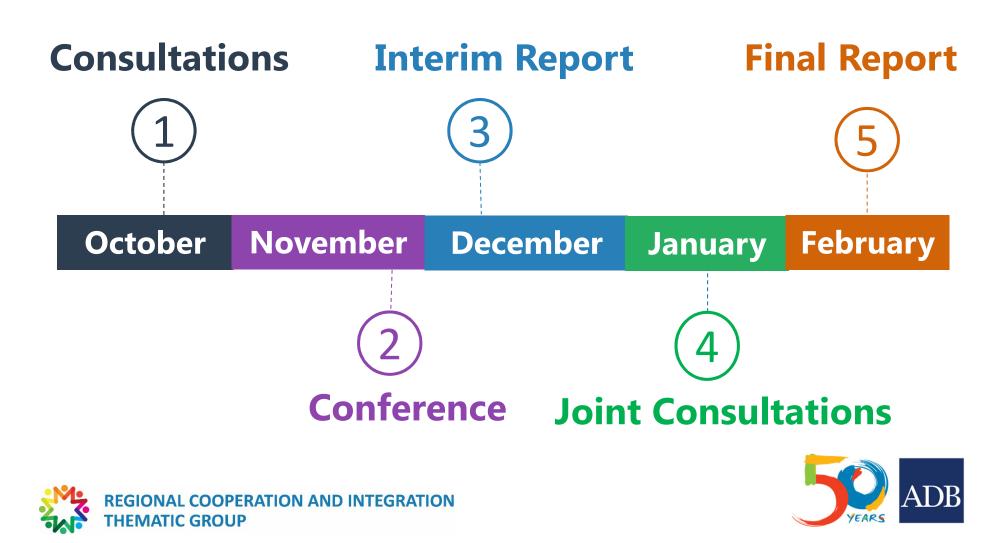


Way Forward





Milestones



Challenges

- Data gaps, demanding on time & capacity
- Justification of policy harmonization costs of CBEZ vis-à-vis benefits requires:

(1) cost-benefit analysis/growth model,

(2) pilot studies on sector potential/ complementarity

 Translating integrated designs of CBEZ studies into potential investment requires:

(1) soft and hard infrastructure package,

(2) policy and regulatory reforms

• Replication in post-conflict border areas





Thank you!



