



Going regional: how to deepen ASEAN's financial markets

Corina Gochoco-Bautista and Eli Remolona

Asian Development Bank 14 November 2011, Manila

All views expressed here are our own and do not necessarily reflect those of the Bank for International Settlements or the Asian Development Bank.





Going regional: how to deepen ASEAN's financial markets

- The recycling of Asian savings
- □ The downside of capital mobility
- The role of capital controls
- Financial market development in ASEAN countries
- Why regional instead of global?
- Three bold proposals





Capital flows and financial markets







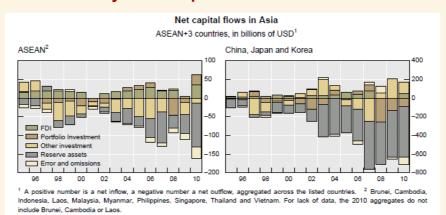
Capital mobility: theory and practice

- □ Theoretical benefits of capital mobility
 - Consumption smoothing
 - Risk diversification
 - Investment in countries with better projects
- □ The empirical reality: why dollars are not widgets
 - Feldstein-Horioka puzzle
 - Home bias puzzle
 - Lucas paradox
- The costs are very real
 - Procyclicality, sudden stops, current account reversals
 - Exorbitant global recycling of savings



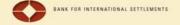


What's funny about capital flows



Sources: CEIC; IMF IFS.

5





Capital controls: what works in emerging Asia?

- Bautista and Francisco (2011) find capital controls are tricky
 - Differences in income levels matter
 - Restrictions reduce both debt inflows and outflows, reduce FDI inflows
 - Restrictions on FDI and equity outflows perversely increase these outflows
- They conclude:
 - Restrictions not first and only tool to use
 - Macroprudential measures needed





The ASEAN bond market agenda

- □ The ABMI's 2 goals
 - Develop local-currency bond markets
 - Develop regional bond market
- Task forces
 - □ TF1: Promote local-currency issuance
 - TF2: Expand demand for local-currency issues
 - □ TF3: Improve regulatory framework
 - □ TF4: Improve infrastructure
- □ The Credit Guarantee and Investment Facility

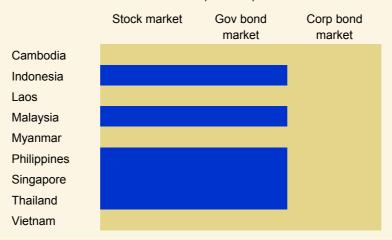
BANK FOR INTERNATIONAL SETTLEMENTS Financial deepening in ASEAN Sector size as ratio to GDP Bank credit Debt securities Stock market market Cambodia Indonesia Laos Malaysia Myanmar Philippines Singapore Thailand Vietnam





What's lacking in financial markets?

Which ASEAN markets are deep and liquid?







Evidence of deep and liquid bond markets:

Interdealer voice brokers in government bond markets

Interdealer brokers

Indonesia BNI, Danareksa, OSK

Malaysia Affin (Tullet Prebon), Amanah Butler, Harlow's

& MGI

Philippines AFS, ICAP, Tullet Prebon

Singapore ICAP, Tullet Prebon, Tradition

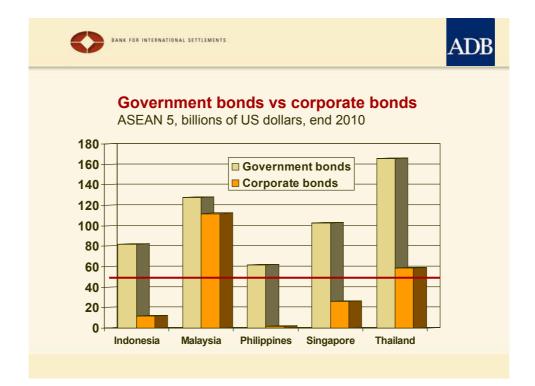
Thailand ICAP, Wallstreet Tullet Prebon





Markets are information networks: they need critical mass



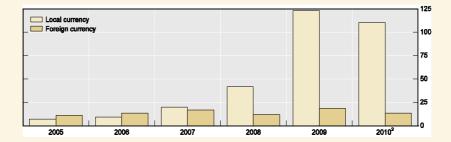






The good news: corporate bond issuance in Asian emerging markets

52 large issuers, in billions of US dollars



13





Why regional instead of global?

The geography of information versus network externalities

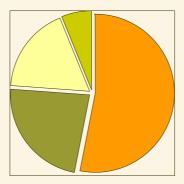
- Geography of information pulls towards localization of markets
 - Explains why gravity models work for capital flows
 - Explains home bias
- Network externalities pull towards regional and global markets
 - Critical mass essential for depth and liquidity
 - Components need to be compatible
 - History leads to lock-in effect





Home bias of investors

International bond issues by Asian corporate borrowers, 31 issues for total of USD17 billion, Jan-Aug 2011



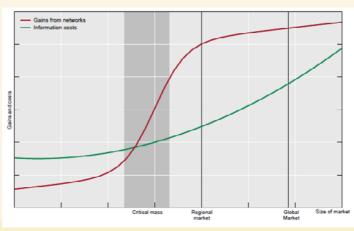






The big hypothesis: a regional sweet spot

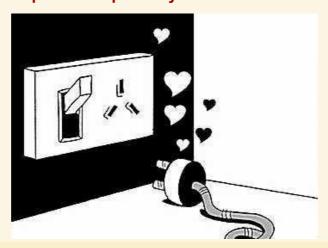
The geography of information versus network externalities in corporate bonds







Going regional: connectivity requires compatibility







Three bold proposals

- □ Create ASEAN+3 zone of free capital mobility
 - An AFTA for capital flows
 - Harmonize macroprudential rules within zone
- Promote regional corporate bond market
 - Agree on common standards for issuance
 - Build central counterparty for regional CDS market
- Extend CMIM to regional repo market
 - Central banks to accept cross-border collateral
 - Operate CMIM as source of liquidity even without crisis